McKean County Miner.

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My passion, like a widow'd dove,
In solitary places sings:
The brightest visions of the soul,
The warmest raptures of delight,
And joys unfettered by control,
Must vanish in the shades of night.

But not again the roses bloom,
Which shed their odor on my way;
Let not the sun my path illume,
Nor forest's mystery charm the day;
The soul that hath no living power
To move a human heart should dwell
Forgotten, like a withered flower,
And silent as a shattered bell.
Oh shortest of the olden dreams;
The past is fled, and memory
Is like the moon whose fitful gleams
Fall on dark and troubled sea;
Grant not again the gladsome lays
That made my young emotion move;
I sigh not for departed days,
And am too weary now for love.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Maid-of-all-Work.

Rachel Ramsay looked very pretty, indeed, as she came down the narrow staircase in the little brown farm house that afternoon, dressed in a white muslin dress strewn all over with tiny pink rosebuds, and a fresh lace frill around her neck, tied with pink ribbon, while her pretty feet were buttoned into a new pair of boots, with high French heels, and her hair was curled in loose, glossy coils of shining bronze.

'Eh!' said Granny Ramsay, looking up from her everlasting knitting work, over which she was half asleep, 'going to church, hey?'

'It isn't Sunday, grandma,' explained the girl, laughing and coloring. 'I'm going to the Tower, too see Miss Calhoun. She has often invited me there—she and Miss Bell.'

'Pshaw!' said Granny Ramsay, who was one of those venerable people privileged to speak their mind on all occasions; 'what do the fine city ladies at the Tower want of a farmer's daughter like you?'

'But, Grandma, they've invited me!'

'It reminds me,' said grandma, shrewdly, 'of the old story of the iron pot and the china pot swimming down stream together and they don't no wise suit.'

Rachel said no more, but escaped into the shady lane, where the maples were begining to turn pale yellow in the first September frosts.

'Grandma is always criticizing everybody,' she thought. 'I know the ladies at the tower will be glad to see me. Miss Alice wants to sketch my head for 'Elaine,' and Miss Bell asked me to sing duets with her. She said I had a voice like a lark. And perhaps Mr. Harold Haroldson will be there! For I know he often visits at the house.'

And Rachel smiled to herself, as she crossed the rustic bridge and went through the woods to the tower, a fantastic wooden cottage with a semi-circular front, which was let for the summer, the owner thereof preferring to live in a square brick structure in the village.

The little side door was open when Rachel went in. From the left of the passage-way, a door opened into the kitchen, and there, to her infinite amazement, she saw Miss Alice Calhoun herself in an æsthetic dress of pale sage green, and roses in her hair, contemplating a pair of decapitated fowls which lay on the table.

'Miss Alice!' she explained.

'Is that you, Rachel?' cried the city young lady, pouncing on her, as a drowning man pounces on the nearest floating straw. 'Oh, I never was so glad to see anybody in all my life! These horrid hens! Bridget has gone away in a rage because I presumed to find fault with the coffee this morning, and we have got company to dinner, and I haven't an idea how to get the feathers off these creatures. But now that you are here everything will be all right!'

And she took off the big bib-apron, and stepped back, with a sign of relief.

Rachel looked perplexed. She had come here, not to enact the role of kitchen-maid, but to visit Miss Calhoun, to sit in her drawing-room and enjoy the conversation of her guests, and she did not exactly relish this summary dismissal to the kitchen.

'There is soup stock,' went on Miss Alice, 'and a salad, and a delicate piece of halibut, and with the fowls roasted, and a pie or a pudding, or something which I dare say you can make, we shall do very nicely. I'm particularly anxious about the dinner, because we are to have company. You'l excuse me now, because I have to dress.'

And away tripped Miss Alice, selfish and smiling as ever was Queen Cleopatra's self.

Poor Rachel! she stood a minute in the hot kitchen, the tears springing to her eyes, a pang of disappointment at her heart. She knew all about it. Harold Haroldson and Mr. Dallas were to dine there that day, and she—she was to be cook, waitress, maid of work—what signified it what she called herself? She remembered what grandma had said, and for once in her life gave that venerable old lady credit for discrimination.

There was no help for it, however. She tied on the bib-apron, tucked the curls back of her ears, and went to work to prepare the chickens for the roasting pan, now and then pausing to brush away the round, bright tears which rolled down her cheek.

These young ladies intended to make her useful. She might have known that they did beforehand. She could hear the soft sound of Bell Calhoun's guitar; the sweet subdued tinkle of Alice's laughter; the deep monotonous undercurrent of gentlemen's voices; and then she glanced down at her pretty muslin dress and bows of pink ribbon, and began to think that Miss Calhoun had taken an unfair advantage of her.

If she could only have heard the rapid and energetic colloquy which transpired between the two sisters in their dressing room, when first Alice came up stairs, she would perhaps have better comprehended the drift of things.

'Good news!' Miss Calhoun had cried, waving her scented pocket handkerchief in the air. 'I've got a girl in the kitchen!'

'No!' said Miss Bell, who was a fair haired, cream-complexioned damsel, with pale blue eyes and perpetual sort of smile.

'Rachel Ramsay,' nodded Alice, 'came up here in her best bib and tucker to spend the day. Of course, I confiscated her at once.'

'The bold, pushing thing!' said Bell, with a disdainful gesture.

'She's a deal too pretty to bring into the drawing room for Haroldson and Arminus Dallas to flirt with,' added Miss Alice knowingly. 'And I don't see any way that I could have avoided it, if it had not been for those lucky chickens and Bridget's fortunate fit of temper. Make haste, now, they'll be here in a minute. And I know little Rachel is a first class cook, for I've been there to tea.'

So the young ladies of the Tower were enjoying the feast of reason and the flow of soul in their cool drawing room, with books, new-gathered roses and blue ribboned guitars, while poor Rachel Ramsay was broiling in the kitchen over tarts and Neapolitan creams.

She had forgotten her disappointment; and, artist-like, she had thrown herself into her occupation with engrossing interest, and she was stirring the creams with energetic hand, when a step crossed the threshold.

'Here are some fresh trout, Bridget, to surprise your mistress,' said a clear, distinct voice.

And to her amazement Harold Haroldson stood before her in his hunting costume with a fishing rod balanced on his shoulder.

'I'm not Bridget,' said the girl, laughing, but still stirring on. 'You see I am Rachel.'

'Why, Miss Ramsay!' he exclaimed, lifting his hunting cap. 'How in the name of all that is wonderful came you here?'

And then, not without humor, Rachel detailed the manner and incidents of her capture.

'I am the maid-of all work, if you please.'

'Then let me help you,' said Harold, briskly tying a bib apron around his hunting suit. 'I used to be a pretty good hand at spider and gridiron when I camped out on Lake Capsuptic, up in Maine.'

'But you are not engaged to help,' said Rachel, half pleased and half frightened.

'I can volunteer,' observed the young man. 'Give me the oil and the vinegar, and you will see what a dressing, a la mayonnaise, I can provide for that salad of yours.'

If a pair of cooks ever spent a delightful sort of morning in the kitchen, this pair did.

They laughed, and they made innocent jokes, they behaved like two school children.

And at last when Rachel ran out into the garden to gather some water cresses to deck the newly roasted fowls, Mr. Haroldson heard the voice of Miss Bell Calhoun calling down the stairway.

'Rachel! Rachel! you may serve the dinner. Every one is here but that tiresome Haroldson!'

'And he's here, too,' calmly responded that gentleman, who was washing his hands at the pump.

'What!' cried Bell shrilly.

'The cook and butler are expected to take their meals in the kitchen,' said Mr. Haroldson, with commendable gravity. 'And I've no objection to that arrangement.'

And nothing could induce Harold Haroldson to come up to the dining room. He and Rachel together ate their picnicing sort of repast and washed the dishes—although the matter somewhat lost its spice when the Misses Calhoun and their company adjourned, en masse, to the kitchen and persisted in joining their ranks.

And when the purple sunset came dreamily down over the dark cedars that overhung the brawling stream, and the gay guests had all departed, Alice and Bell Calhoun gazed dubiously at each other.

'Was ever anything so provoking!' said Bell.

'He has actually gone home with her,' said Alice, bursting into angry tears.

'And all the pains went to keep them apart!' sighed Bell.

'It was all your fault,' petulantly exclaimed Alice. 'Noticing that farmer's daughter, and dragging her out of her sphere, in that sort of way.'

'But it was you that plumed yourself on getting her into the kitchen,' scolded Bell. 'And a nice mess you've made of it!'

'But how were we going to tell that it was going to end so?' groaned poor Alice.

* * * * *

'Well, Rachel,' said Granny Ramsay, when the girl came in, just as the lamps were lighted, what sort of a day did you have?'

'Humph!' grunted Granny, after her answer. 'That's a queer way of entertaining visitors. But perhaps that's city manners.'

'Perhaps it is,' said Rachel, demurely.

'Who was it came home with you?' asked Granny, who was not quite deaf or blind as yet, 'and left you at the garden gate?'

'One of the other servants,' said Rachel.

'Well, I never,' said Granny. 'Where's all your pride, Rachel Ramsay?'

'I never was prouder in all my life than I am to night!' said Rachel. 'Listen, grandma, for I have so much to tell you. Mr. Harold Haroldson, of New York, walked home with me; and I've met him ever so many times before this summer, at picnics and archery parties and such places, but I never knew that he cared for me. And to-night he asked me to marry him, and he is to come here to morrow to see father.'

'Do you love him?' said Granny Ramsay, huskily.

And Rachel answered:

'Yes!'

'Then God bless you, my child, and give you both a long and happy life,' said the old lady, softly smoothing the girl's bright head.

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Smethport Pa.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

is authorized to receive [illegible] in McKean County. His office is

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.
Wellsboro, Dec. [illegible]

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

[illegible]

All persons are hereby [illegible]

Persons who have bought or leased lands of [illegible]

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

Vol. XX. No. 1

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., December 21, 1882.

VOLUME XX.

With this issue of the paper the MINER enters upon the 20th year of its existence. Measured by the life of man it is not quite a third of his allotted length of years—barring railroad accidents and the wear and tear of early dissipation—yet in view of the great mortality among newspapers of tender years we are proud of the fact that the MINER has stood the storm for twenty years and is to-day a healthy and vigorous youth with every prospect of a long life before it. It has safely pulled through all the diseases incident to childhood and early youth. It has survived many severe cramps of financial embarrassments and pains of political defeat. This may perhaps be due to the vigor of its constitution rather than to the experience of its nurses. Also much may be due to the regularity, simplicity and strength of its diet. The nourishment of its earliest years was the simple and sturdy republicanism of an age when to be a republican was to be a patriot of the loftiest motives, and from childhood to youth and early manhood it has sturdily resisted every temptation to indulge in untried luxuries and dissipations. Even when its early guide and teacher, Horace Greely, sought to lead his followers into sinful and forbidden ways the MINER was true to its principles and lived to shed a tear over the political grave of the misguided and repentant old hero. In later years the glittering and alluring temptations of the evil one in various guises have been steadily turned aside, and in consequence the MINER stands to-day a vigorous and healthy youth, firm in the faith of its early teachings, steadfast in purpose and full of hope and determination to achieve in the coming years greater usefulness and larger prosperity.

The proprietor of the MINER has been in control of its fortunes, with a short inteval during the last decade of its existence. We therefore feel a personal pride in its growth and success. It has outlived a struggling and precarious existence and grown into a thoroughly equipped and well established newspaper. For this we have to thank a generous patronage, of which we have tried to make the paper worthy. We hope for its continuation and increase, and that the MINER, now reaching what are considered years of descretion, may lessen the number of its mistakes and take to itself an increasing growth, wisdom and usefulness.

CONGRESS is getting altogether too virtuous, we fear. A resolution to adjourn over the holidays was defeated.

DORSEY puts forward the fact that he was trusted and counseled with by Garfield before and after his election. Benedict Arnold had the entire trust and confidence of Washington until he was found to be a traitor.

DID you ever know a man who was not in sentiment in favor of temperance? The man who stands behind the bar and deals out liquid poison is always an advocate of temperance. The toper who takes his three to a dozen drinks daily and boasts that he knows when he has got enough, will deliver maudlin harangues about temperate drinking and wonder how any one can be such a fool as to get drunk. The occasional drinker who, whether fortunately or unfortunately is so constituted that one drink creates a craving for more and results in a debauch is upon the recovery of himself, of all men tainted with the curse either as dealers or victims, the most honest and sincere in the advocacy and practice of temperance in its strictest meaning—at least until the devil again overtakes him. Tipplers of all shades, from the sensitive wine sipper of the Dr. Howard Crosby type down to the gin mill bum, confess that liquor is an awful curse. Good men and women of all classes have for years labored to decrease the curse and save its victims. Much has been done in the latter direction, and apparently but little in the former. Of late years the temperance wave has been increasing in strength and volume, and many workers in the cause are encouraged to demand the most radical measures in the hope that the time is near at hand when the traffic in liquor can be entirely abolished and the millenium hastened by several thousand years. The zeal and enthusiasm of many temperance advocates who know by sad experience the depth of the curse of liquor is not to be wondered at, yet it is unjust to condemn as enemies to the cause all who may question the wisdom and policy of extreme measures or criticise certain would be leaders who have allowed themselves to become fanatics in the sense of having "zeal without judgment." It may be answered that in all great reformers the so-called fanatics have been the advance guard. True, but it is the great army of conservative, well balanced and steady-minded reformers who have made reforms possible and fruitful by the shaping of measures and policy to the temper, sentiment and intelligence of the people. A party can never be formed of sufficient unity and strength to accomplish anything on a purely moral idea, for the cure of individual or personal vices. The effort to prevent the indulgence of depraved appetites by statutes or constitutional amendments is considered by many good men of doubtful wisdom, yet it may be worth trying. We believe the world is growing better every year. In so far as the world is Christianized thus far will vice disappear. When the time comes that the curse of liquor and the curse of all sins is removed from our land it will be discovered that the happy consummation is due to the prayers and individual labors of Christian men and women rather than to parties, political agitators and legal enactments.

HON. GORDON B. ORTH, of Indiana one of the most eminent citizens of his state and nation, died at his home last Saturday. He was a native of this state, having been born near Lebanon April 22, 1817. He was educated at Gettysburg College, and was admitted to the bar in 1839, having studied under Thaddeus Stevens, and at once moved to Indiana, then in the far west. From 1843 to 1849 he was a member of the Indiana Senate, being one year president of that body. He was elected to the Thirty-eighth Congress, and has served in the House almost continuously ever since, with the exception of a brief service as Minister to Austria.

DR. JOSEPH COOK is conceded by all to be one of the ablest thinkers of the present age, and the audience that listened to his very interesting lecture in Bradford a few evenings since thought themselves extremely fortunate. How cheap that audience must have felt then upon discovering from a labored and verbose editorial criticism of the *Star* of the following evening that the Dr.'s logic and reasoning was all at fault, and, in the opinion of the very acute editor of that paper, it was not much of a lecture after all. It is unpleasant of course to have our fondest delusions dispelled, but that community is very fortunate which has in its midst an acute and critical mentor who will take the trouble to expose the false teachings of the world's ripest scholars. We would suggest to Dr. Joseph Cook that before entering upon his forthcoming series of Yale lectures, or appearing before the world at all, he shut himself in his study, send for the editor of the *Star*, and endeavor to get on the right track.

Political and General.

Mr. Dorsey hasn't written a letter for a day or two. Perhaps he is waiting for two cent postage.—Chicago Times.

Hensel says there are other lawyers in the state better suited for attorney general than Cassidy. The governor will please take a hint.

The civil service water is muddy at the fountain-head and the reformers are commencing at the mouth of the stream. —Cincinnati Enquirer.

An hourly record, showing just how much time Congress has spent in each kind of employment, may attract considerable attention.—N. Y. Tribune.

The democratic bosses are getting a good deal mixed up since they drew their white elephant, Robert E. Pattison, in the last election lottery.—Lancaster Examiner.

It has not appeared yet that Dorsey's eyes are so bad as to make necessary his resignation of the secretaryship of the national republican committee.—Cincinnati Commercial.

When a principal is involved, men and brethern, stick to your party by all means. When an office only is at stake, stick to the proper man; let the party go to the devil.—Philadelphia Record.

The people turned the democratic party loose this year with the same sense of safety that prompts the removal of collar and chain from an old toothless house dog.—Washington Republican.

Well, a tariff for buncombe only, is better than a tariff for Protection only, and, in this, as in other matters of need, half a loaf is preferable to no bread.—Louisville Courier Journal.

The country demands only that unnessary expense be avoided. It is not required that our great Government be conducted on any beggarly or penny-a-day plan.—Chattanooga Democrat.

Congress is busily looking around for a pretext for taking the holiday vacation which it insisted a few days ago it didn't want. The statesmen in congress never fail to look out for their own.—Philadelphia Press.

Congress is pottering at the discussion of almost every conceivable topic except the topic upon which the business of the country demands prompt action. Reduce the revenue by $100,000,000!—N. Y. World.

It is understood that General Chalmers will be a democrat till the end of this congress, to which he claims to have been elected as a democrat. His republican engagement does not begin until 12 m., March 4, 1883.—Washington Post.

Representative Holman, of Indiana, declines to be a candidate for Speaker, on the ground that he can best serve his country on the floor. In the matter of "best serving his country," did woodchopping ever occur to Mr. Holman?—Atlanta Constitution.

Ex-Senator Spencer tells a very straght story of how he did his level best to tell all he knows about the star route business; and he can blow all the knowledge he has on that subject into a mosquito's eye without making the creature wink.—New York Star.

Perhaps the season of bronchitis accounts for the ponderous silence of the Hon. Montgomery Blair. It is certainly time he was up and doing. The Democratic party has reached a crisis in its affairs when it abundantly needs the Hon. Montgomery's advice.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The landlords of this city, who will be deprived of a license to sell liquors for nineteen days during this winter, by the operations of the recent rule of court, may find consolation in this fact: One hundred Williamsport democrats threaten to attend the inauguration ceremonies in a body.—Harrisburg Democrat.

Senator Mitchell has a very peculiar backbone and it must be the cause of very great annoyance to him. He does not seem to be able to rely upon its remaining in any one state for any specified length of time. A backbone of that kind is of no practical benefit to a politician.—Harrisburg Patriot.

A man was sent to the New York penitentiary for one year for passing counterfeit money. The coin, to passing which the poor fellow pleaded guilty, has since been found to be genuine, and the victim of the blindness—and blundering—of justice is to be pardoned. Every one connected with the poor fellow's prosecution should be compelled to crawl in the dust before him, and the coin experts, who doubtless had a hand in his conviction, should be sent to the cell he vacates.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

The Presidential [illegible]

The [illegible] having the [illegible] thrust upon it [illegible] representation [illegible] nary to the selection [illegible] constitute the [illegible] 1884. The committee [illegible] ington in the middle of [illegible] there is some prospect of a [illegible] on this perplexing question. [illegible] member has a scheme of his own. [illegible] system of district representation from present indications meets with most favor, but upon the various methods of bringing it about the doctors differ. The Chandler plan is to give each state four delegates-at-large, two delegates from each district, elected by the districts, and additional delegates in proportion to the republican representation of each state. That is, by this method each state has an additional delegate at-large for each republican senator in either the existing or next preceding Congress, and one additional delegate for each district represented by a republican representative in either congress named. This arrangement would increase the membership of the convention to 1,094. It is true it involves the idea of additional representation in proportion to the republican vote as originally suggested by Mr. Martin, of Kansas, but it is a very circuitous way of getting at it. It would seem as if a few political wiseacres were trying to perfect some kind of a cumbrous machine to befuddle the average perceptions of the masses of the voters, instead of going directly to the point. Mr. Martin proposes to give each state four delegates-at-large, one delegate from each district and one additional delegate-at-large for every 12,000 votes cast for Garfield in 1880. This would give a representation according to the maximum in lieu of minimum strength. Under the new apportionment as applied to the old system, the convention would consist of 809 members. Under the Martin plan it would 858. The state of Pennsylvania, by the latter method, would have 4 delegates-at-large, 30 district delegates and 27 additional delegates, making a total of 60.

The Martin plan has the recommendation of the greatest simplicity. It does justice to the states and the districts, and gives every state its due proportion of additional delegates. The delegates-at-large, however, should be cut down to two from each state. This would reduce the total representation to 781, a very desirable consummation. The national convention has already grown too cumbrous in its dimensions, and any system not to conflict with the interests of a proper representation of the voters, which would reduce the aggregate number to a minimum, should be adopted.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

All The Governors.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* has performed a commendable historical duty by compiling a list of governors of the state of Pennsylvania, from the date of the adoption of the first constitution, down to the present time. From this compilation it appears that Robert E. Pattison will be the nineteenth governor of the state. The first constitution for the government of Pennsylvania as a state went into effect on the 3d day of September, 1790. An election was held under it the following month and Thomas Mifflin, of Philadelphia, who had been president of the supreme executive council since October, 1788, was elected, and on the 21st day of December, 1790, inaugurated as governor in the city of Philadelphia, "with much ceremony." He was governor that time until December, 1799, a period of nine years, having been twice re-elected. Thomas McKean, of Chester, who succeeded Mifflin, was governor from December, 1799, until December, 1808, like his predecessor, filling the office for three terms. For the next three terms, or until December, 1817, Simon Snyder, of Union county, was governor. William Findlay, of Franklin county, was governor from December, 1817, to December, 1820, Joseph Hiester, of Bucks county, from December, 1820, to December, 1823; John Andrew Schultz, of Lebanon county, from December, 1823, to December, 1829, two terms; George Wolf, of Northampton county, from December, 1829, to December, 1835, two terms; Joseph Ritner, of Washington county, from December, 1835, until the third Tuesday of January, 1839, the begining of the gubernatorial term having been changed by the amended constitution of 1838 from the third Tuesday of December to the third Tuesday of January. David R. Porter, of Huntingdon county, was governor from January, 1839, until January, 1845, two terms; Francis R. Shunk, of Montgomery county, from January, 1845, until July, 9, 1848. Having been re-elected in 1847, Governor Shunk resigned on the 9th of July, 1848, when William F. Johnston, of Armstrong county, who was speaker of the senate, by virtue of his office became governor until the third Tuesday of January, 1849. In the meantime Governor Johnston had been elected in 1848, and on the third Tuesday of January, 1849, was inaugurated and served a full term, until January, 1852. William Bigler, of Clearfield county, was governor from January, 1852, until January, 1855; James Pollock, of Northumberland county, from January, 1855, to January, 1858; William F. Packer, of Lycoming county, from January 1858, to January, 1861; Andrew G. Curtin, of Centre county, from January, 1861, until January, 1867, two terms, covering the entire period of the war; John W. Geary, of Westmoreland, from January, 1867, to January, 1873, two terms; John F. Hartranft, of Montgomery, from January, 1873, to January, 1879, two terms; Henry M. Hoyt, of Luzerne, is the present incumbent. He was elected to serve from January, 1879, to January, 1883. Of these eighteen governors of the state only four are now living, namely: Pollock, Curtin, Hartranft and Hoyt. Governors Mifflin, McKean, Snyder, Findlay, Shultz, Wolf, Porter, Shunk, Bigler and Packer were democrats. McKean at his third election ran as an independent democrat against Simon Snyder. Hiester was elected by the federalists, Ritner by the anti-Masons, Johnston as a whig, Pollock by the know-nothings, and Curtin, Geary, Hartranft and Hoyt as republicans. The constitution of 1790 provided that a governor could be elected for three terms successively. The amended constitution of 1838 limited the time to two terms and that of 1874 to one term, making it four years. Philadelphia [illegible] was sixty [illegible] William [illegible] sixty-nine, Joseph Hiester sixty-eight, John Andrew Shulz forty-eight, George Wolf fifty-two, Joseph Ritner, fifty five, David R. Porter, fifty one, Francis R. Shunk fifty seven, William F. Johnston forty, William Bigler thirty eight, James Pollock forty-five. William F. Packer fifty-one, Andrew G. Curtin forty-four, John W. Geary forty-eight, John F. Hartranft forty-three, Henry M. Hoyt forty-nine.

In the Whole History of Medicine

No preparation has ever performed such marvellous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long-continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and chest disorders, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and operation, physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its healing effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.

For sale by all druggists.

LEGAL.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. H. W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday, Sept. 29, 1882, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 8th day of January, 1883, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, December 14, 1882, and the 107th year of the independence of the United States of America.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

List of Petit Jurors

Drawn in the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County to be summoned for Second Monday of January, 1883.

Abbey, O. P. Keating.
Archibald, W. B. Eldred.
Austin, Ira, Annin.
Baker, John, Rixford.
Byham, W. T. Wetmore.
Buckley, Ransom, Annin.
Cook, Henry, Keating.
Cobbett, I. W. Hamilton.
Dewell, Amos, Annin.
Ellis, O. Prentissvale.
Fraley S. Rixford.
Glass, F. K. Foster.
Gallup, Orlando, Norwich.
Holt, Martin, Foster.
Hasen, C. A. Liberty.
Hovey, A. C. Ceres.
Hounler, Delmont, Hamilton.
Hyde, Newton, Keating.
Howard, James, Keating.
Irons, Allen, Rixford.
King, Wm. K. Ceres.
Kent, John, Keating.
Moses, Frank, Smethport.
Morris, Jasper, Bradford.
McNalley, Barney, Annin.
Mosier, James, Kendall.
Manning, Perry, Liberty.
Miller, I. W. Bradford city.
Post, Joseph, Bradford.
Rockwell, S. J. Smethport.
Sullivan, John, Sergeant.
Sprague, John, Hamilton.
Tuttle, L. A. Rixford.
Vogan, Chas. Foster.
White, A. C. Norwich.
Wright, C. C. Keating.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
N. C. GALLUP, } Jury Com's.
G. P. COON, }

Attest: J. R. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 15, 1882.

Trial List

For Second Monday of January, 1883.

1 Joseph Bailey vs S G Barnes; No [illegible], May term [illegible] Judgment opened, [illegible]
2 D C Young, F N Taylor and Mrs. A E Taylor, executors of the estate of A N Taylor deceased vs L L Dennis and E Dennis; No [illegible] May term 1881; Feigned issue.
3 B F Thornton vs W F Casey; No [illegible] September term 1882; Feigned issue.
4 John Commosky vs C L Ramsey; No 12 December term 1879; Labor claim.
5 George Morrison vs C L Ramsey; No 13 December term 1879; Labor claim.
6 Chas Sheppard vs B McAlister and James O'Neil; No 23 February term 1882; Labor claim.
7 J Laton vs W H Reed; No [illegible] September term 1881; Labor claim.
8 J J Weaver vs E W Carothers; No [illegible] December term 1882; Labor claim.
9 J R Blair vs L C Post and P M Fuller; No 176 December term 1877; Sci Fa to revive and continue lien.
10 Farrar & Trefts vs Titusville Pet. Co. Day & Harris Ag't; No [illegible] June term 1878; Assumpsit.
11 J Schultz, M M [illegible], John Krebout & J L Brown, trading as the Tamping and Lumber Company vs Thos L Kane, F N Taylor and Jno Krebout, doing business as Taylor & Krebout; No 145 September term 1878; Case.
12 J D Lupher use of Morris Tucker & Co. Limited vs M N Collins; No [illegible] December term 1878; Assumpsit.
13 J D Lupher use of Morris, Tucker & Co. Limited vs E W Hammond; No [illegible] December term 1878; Assumpsit.
14 A Simon vs A W Newell; No 273 February term 1879; Replevin.
15 Ferdinand Rothman, assignee of Jno H Dunn vs Andrew Dilfenbacher; No 320 June term 1879; Sci Fa Sur Mortgage.
16 Robert Reed vs Albert Wagner; No 722 June term 1879; Ejectment for land in Bradford township.
17 James Canada and Ellie A Canada, his wife, in right of his wife vs Wellington Lord and Smith Bros; No 712 June term 1879; Trespass vi et armis.
18 James Canada and Ellie A Canada, his wife in right of wife vs Wellington Lord and A V Dawson; No 724 June term 1879; Trespass vi et armis.
19 D M Wright vs S S Moore and D J Kay, et; No [illegible] September term 1879; Ejectment.
20 Amelia M Simpson and A J Simpson in right of A M Simpson, wife of said A J Simpson vs Jacob Chessesky; No 737 September term 1879; Ejectment for land in Bradford township.
21 M C Treat and Stewart Mahaffey vs S S Fertig, A Solomon and M Dunham; No [illegible] December term 1879; Ejectment for land in Otto township.
22 L D Largmond vs F N Taylor and Mrs. A E T Krebout; No [illegible] December term 1879; Sci Fa Sur Mechanics' lien.
23 J Reichard vs J Walsh; No 489 December term 1879; Assumpsit.
24 Henry E and Mary A Hazzard, his wife, in use of Mary A Hazzard vs [illegible] and [illegible]; No [illegible] December term 1879; Case.
25 James Canada and Ellie Canada, his wife, in right of wife, vs A M Moore; No [illegible] February term 1880; Appeal from Justice.
26 W J Neale vs M M Washburn and David Bricker; No 63 February term 1880; Appeal from Justice.
27 James Canada and Ellie Canada, his wife, in right of wife vs E Sweet and E Norkwell; No 56 February term 1880; Appeal from Justice.
28 A Prentiss vs John Gridley and W O Gridley, doing business as John Gridley & Son; No [illegible] February term 1880; Trover and conversion.
29 Milton Smathers and Francis E Smathers, his wife, in right of said Francis E. vs G W Strong and T J Vandergrift; No [illegible] February term 1880.
30 Willard Cummings vs John W Burr; No [illegible] February term 1880; Assumpsit.

JOHN R. BRAWLEY, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 13, 1882.

Administrator's Notice.

Whereas letters of administration to the estate of Mrs. Anna Bennett, deceased, late of Bradford city, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having claims or demands against the same will make known the same without delay to

EDGAR W. COLEMAN.

Bradford, Pa., Dec. 13, 1882.—1-6t.

Administrator's Notice.

Whereas letters testamentary to the estate of Jacob Berg, deceased, late of Hamlin township, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having claims against the same will make known the same without delay to

AUGUST MELLANDER.

Hamlin, Pa., Dec. 13, 1882.—1-6t.

No. 109, MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.,

Will offer on and after Monday, November 27, 1882,

Great and Unprecedented Inducements in

CARPETS, RUGS, MATS,

TOWELS, LINENS AND

HOUSEHOLD DRAPERIES.

The Largest, Finest and Most Choice Selections ever Exhibited by any one House Outside of New York. Magnificent Display in

FUR-LINED AND SILK CIRCULARS.

If You want Reliable Goods in

SEAL SKIN

SACQUES AND DOLMANS,

Remember DeSILVER WELD has the Goods at Low Prices, Also

Wolf and Bear Lap Robes.

Novelties in

Brass Goods,
Banner Stands,
Fire Screens, etc.

Special Opening in

Hassocks, Foot Rests,
Blacking Cases,
Willow and Fancy Baskets.

REMEMBER I am the Only exclusive Carpet and House Furnishing Goods Dealer in Bradford, and am bound by my sense of Reputation at home and abroad to keep on hand the finest goods and largest assortment and at the Lowest Possible Price, exclusively for Cash on delivery to all.

DeSILVER WELD.

SANTA CLAUS

HEADQUARTERS

HOLIDAY GOODS

Both Useful and Ornamental. Compare Prices before purchasing elsewhere. I have the Finest Assortment of

MAJOLICA WARE

Ever brought to Smethport

FANCY WARE

Consisting of

French China & Bohemian Ware

Consisting of

Beautiful Vases, Mugs,

Mustache Cups and Saucers

Of the Finest Patterns.

Tea Cups and Saucers

In Sets or Single. All Bought in original packages, thereby Saving at Least 25 Per Cent. and I propose to give my Customers the Benefit of my close Purchases. It is acknowledged by the Best judges that I have the FINEST DESIGNS and MOST BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS of

PLATED WARE

Ever Seen in Smethport, which I buy direct from the Factory. Every piece stamped as to quality of Plate, and Warranted to be as stamped.

Every Piece Warranted,

And from 10 to 20 PER CENT. CHEAPER than any other Dealer in McKean County.

M. A. SPRAGUE.

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 14, 1882.

AN EVER,

ES' STORE

No. 44, Main St.

Now offering rare inducements in

BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Of Style and Quality to suit every one.

We have Better and Cheaper Goods in

Queensware, Majolica, Glass and Earthenware,

Than ever have been offered in Smethport.

A Fine Line of

CHAMBER SETS

At prices within reach of everybody.

DOLMANS, CLOAKS AND SACQUES,

For Ladies and Children which will be sold very cheap.

DRY GOODS, HOSIERY, NOTIONS,

And Ladies, Gents' and Children's Fine

ALL WOOL UNDERWEAR,

At WOODBURN'S Popular Prices.

H. W. RUBIN,

Dealer in

Gold and Silver Watches.

—JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.—

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all manner of

ENGRAVING,

and such work as belongs to the trade.

ALL WORK WARRANTED

I have also on hand a fine assortment of

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

FALL LINE OF MILLINERY,

Consisting of

Hats, Turbans, Plumes,

In every variety. Special values in

Dress Goods, Silks, Plushes, Velvets,

SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, NOTIONS, Etc.

Full and Choice Stock of

UNDERWEAR,

In all Grades and sizes.

Cloaks, Dolmans and Ulsters At Buffalo Prices.

TRIMMING, By an Experienced Trimmer Neatly done, at the lowest possible figures, At

MRS. T. D. NASH'S,

53 Main St.

J. BIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

Water Street, Smethport, Pa.

ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order

MAKE HENS LAY

JEWELRY

of all descriptions

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

A Full Assortment

SPECTACLES

AND

EYE-GLASSES

TOYS,

And all Goods in my line, for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR BRADFORD Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

Watches against the world for time and money. All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

M. L. Armstrong,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

Thos. R. Frisbee,

GENERAL DEALER

IN

DRY GOODS,

AND

GROCERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Flour, Feed, &c.

LUMBER & SHINGLES.

CORYVILLE,

McKEAN CO., PA.

LIVERY

AND

Exchange Stables

[illegible] Barn,

[illegible]

[illegible] Prop's.

[illegible]

Vol XX. No. 1

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, [illegible]

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

—Three feet of snow before Christmas.

—Olean has had a murder and now feels as big as her neighbors.

—Very few, perhaps, would regret to see the snow go off for a while.

—The legislature meets on Tuesday of next week, and then stand from under.

—Some pains should be taken to keep the clock on the Court House tower correct.

—Seldom is a finer looking Grand Jury seen than the one now in session in this county.

—The commissioners are wrestling with a large amount of business this week but feel able for it.

—Does any one know what has become of Splockins? He may have fallen into the pond while fishing.

—The court is making a clean sweep of the jail cases, and will most likely leave no one in it to be tried.

—A clothing store in the Rockwell House dining room is slaughtering a large stock of the "ready made."

—The thermometer on Monday morning registered twenty degrees below zero in some places throughout the county.

—Houses and lots, or either separately command higher prices in Bradford now than at any time in the last three years.

—The police of Smethport have a sharp eye on a poker room, of which some leading Bradford lawyers are said to be the head.

—Deep blushes would cross Fred. Brownell's face when the curtain would rise while the band was playing last night.

—A bear, said to be about as large as a three-year-old steer is roaming through the woods in the neighborhood of Cole Creek.

—Don't forget that next Monday is Christmas and the little folks will expect to find presents in their stockings that morning.

—The school exhibition last evening in the Opera House was eminently successful and did great credit to the youth of our town.

—The attendance of attorneys at the present term of court is unusually large which denotes an interesting list of causes to be heard.

—A snow plow built like a dredging boat is run over the B. B. & K. railroad and succeeds in keeping the track open to travel and traffic.

—Ice dealers complain that the frequency of the snow falls prevents them from storing any of the valuable product of creeks and ponds.

—The only place for amusement on Christmas evening in town is at Bergstresser's, where an oyster supper and dance is to take place.

—Port Allegany has among her citizens an occasional cannibal. One of them has been on trial charged with eating the hand off a fellow man.

—He was here again—Dennis' Great Pain Panacea and Headache Annihilator, warranted to heal up and hair over a hole in a bar post in one night.

—A Christmas table will be prepared for the children of St. Luke's Sunday school, at the residence of Mrs. J. C. Hamlin, at 6 p. m., Wednesday, Dec. 27.

—It is a curious fact, yet a fact, that the ground has not been frozen this winter, although we have had a month or more of the finest sleighing imaginable.

—The newsboys and bootblacks of Bradford are to have a Christmas dinner at Anderson's restaurant, Congress street the kindly remembrance of "Doc." W. P. Book.

—The deer hunting season will close with the last day of the month, but there will probably be a large amount of deer hanging in the woods to bring in after that time.

—The Grand Central and Rockwell House under the management of H. S. Sartwell have been filled to overflowing during the week. "Hank" is deservingly popular as a landlord.

—The Bradford Board of Trade is to be chartered. This will give it a baptismal name which will be an ornament to its tombstone, which might be offered at once.

—The schools will recommence on Monday morning, January 8th. There is no doubt that the advantages for our little folks are better now than they ever have been before.

—When a man is brought to the jail and kept a month before court, then tried by a court and jury on a charge of stealing a handful of peanuts, it looks as if there were some very small potatoes in the county still.

—The New York *Herald* made a net profit of eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars during the past year, and still there are some people who are afraid to invest in the newspaper business, and even think newspaper men are sometimes poor.

—The Philadelphia *Press*, in the recent capture of the Lebanon grave robbers did one of the finest pieces of detective work ever done in the country, and the advantage of the work of the *Press* reporters over that of the regular detectives is that they hunt without a brass band.

—Again has the market gone below eighty-five cents and the usual number of greeneys were caught of course. The time has passed when anyone can feel sympathy for these fools who seem so willing from time to time to be led to the slaughter and the less whining they do when they get pinched the more respect they will be able to command.

Notice.

All persons desirous of retaining the letter boxes which they now occupy after January 1, 1883, must pay in advance for the Quarter ending March 31, 1883.

M. E. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Bankrupt Sale.

By a broad-gauge advertisement on this page Mr. A. Simon, manager, announces that he will dispose of a large stock of goods at auction and by private sale in the Rockwell House. These goods will be sold regardless of cost and a good opportunity is presented for bargains. The sale will continue only fifteen days, commencing Monday, the 18th inst.

An [illegible]

[illegible] the children [illegible] able [illegible] ers und [illegible]

The exercises consisted of the usual singing and recitations but [illegible] the little folks was so exceptionally good that the performance throughout had but little of that stiffness that so often mars such attempts.

One feature in particular we cannot refrain from mentioning, and in this connection will say that it would be a pleasure to speak of each individual performer as they deserve but that would take more space than can be given to it. The particular feature that we wish to mention was a recitation entitled "Rock of Ages," and was rendered by Miss Maude Stevens in a manner that did the young lady great credit. The piece of itself is beautiful and the acting, which is necessary to appropriately rehearse it, was such as to call forth the unqualified commendation of the oldest theatre goers in the audience.

Upon the whole, the exhibition was first rate, the audience was large which made it remunerative, and among those present were many of the parents of the school children whose pleasure at the proficiency of their children at once displayed their relationship to them. The object was to add something to the fund for the purchase of an organ for the use of the schools and we hope they may have secured enough to put them in possession of the coveted instrument.

In Honor of Judge S. F. Wilson.

In view of the approaching retirement of Honorable Stephen F. Wilson, Additional Law Judge of the Fourth Judicial district, of which McKean county forms a part, and no inconsiderable part when either the strength of the bar or the amount of business is taken into consideration, the members of the bar, wishing to manifest the high esteem in which the Judge is held by them, as a clear able and impartial jurist as well as the strong hold he has upon them socially, have decided, at meetings held for that purpose during the week, to tender to him a complimentary banquet, and the time and place fixed for the pleasant affair is next Thursday evening, December 28th, at the St. James Hotel, in Bradford.

The services of Judge Wilson in this district have extended over a period of more than ten years and have always been received by the people as exceptionally faithful and fair, and socially he has made a place for himself with the bar and people that can never be filled by another, or forgotten. This tribute of respect is eminently fitting and proper and will, in but in a feeble way manifest to our retiring Judge the feeling that exists throughout the county towards him.

The Case of Harold Arnott.

Contrary to the anticipation of nearly all who were in any manner conversant with the case, the trial of Harold Arnott charged with incestuous rape upon the person of Alice Arnott his sixteen-year-old daughter, has been postponed until the February Term in order to give the prisoner opportunity to prepare for his trial.

Arnott has changed his mind materially since his incarceration, and now denies the whole affair from beginning to end whereas he admitted all the charges of the prosecuting witness. The family of Arnott are with him, and from all appearances have overlooked the heinous offence with which they so lately charged him.

Newspaper Office Burned.

Last Sunday morning the office of the Richburg Evening *News*, which also was where the Bolivar Morning *Bulletin* was printed was totally consumed. Although the loss was but slight in a financial point of view, still it was an institution that the fast decaying oil villages of the N. Y. field needed to assist in continuing for a time their prosperity. The fire originated in the printing office, and the fact that a printer named Colegrove was in the building at the time and drunk, it is supposed that he in some way set it on fire. He was arrested and will be held to answer.

Personal.

Hon. M. F. Elliott is attending court.

Hon. A. G. Olmsted of Potter has been here.

Judge L. D. Wetmore of Warren has been attending court this week.

S. A. Wetmore, the Warren lumberman has business in McKean county and is in court.

Judge F. W. Knox of Coudersport, the most "averdupois" jurist of the state is at the Grand Central.

Ex-jury commissioner, ex-justice of the peace, ex-school director, ex-road viewer James A. Anderson, of Hamilton township, is in town and may be seen at his rooms at the Grand Central Hotel.

The following named attorneys from Bradford are in attendance at the Quarter sessions court this week: W. B. Chapman, J. M. McClure, R. Mullin, Henry McSweeney, M. H. Byles, N. B. Smiley, A. L. Weil, Geo. L. Roberts, Hon. W. W. Brown, Geo. Brown, Henry King, D. H. Jack, E. Cressman, J. K. Wilson, W. E. Milliken and W. M. Boggs.

A New Oil Bank.

A banking institution that has an exceedingly "Standard" smell has just been organized and chartered under the laws of the state and is now ready to commence business. It is to be known as the "Seaboard Bank," has a paid up capital of half a million of dollars and is officered and will be conducted by the following individuals. G. M. Nathews, J. J. Vandergrift, L. H. Smith, Dan. O'Day, W. A. Pullman, C. M. Farrar, John Tuffs, Charles Wheeler, T. W. Brown, S. G. Bayne, Jos. Seep, L. F. Lawton and J. M. Bankhead.

The company have offices on Broadway, N. Y., but will have houses for the transaction of business in some of the cities and towns in the oil country.

Religious Services.

Rev. J. W. Ainsworth will again occupy the pulpit in the Baptist Church in the borough next Sabbath, morning and evening. All who come will be welcome.

[illegible] the valley, [illegible] out on the expanse [illegible] that winter was far away. Very few persons could be seen moving either way, and memory calls up the wide contrast between the quiet of that morning in our town, and the stir and activity which we now witness every morning and every day. Smethport with its twenty-five dwellings, was not a city then. It could not boast of a Mayor and Town Council, and frequently the Constable lived out of town. About ten o'clock in the morning of that day a young man might have been seen issuing from a house on King street, then occupied by John E. Niles Esq., (now no more) and at the present time by our citizen, Nathaniel W. Abbey. His pantaloons were rolled up, half way to his boot tops, for it was very muddy, and Smethport had no sidewalks then; the only walks existing were constructed by those who could afford the luxury of an inch board twelve inches wide extending from the front door to the gate. His destination was the very spot, or very near, where we are now sitting, but not the same house, that having been moved in 1843 to give place to the present structure and to accommodate the domestic animals pertaining to the premises. A short time after his arrival the villagers began to assemble, then those out of town, then those more remote, until there were very few families within a radius of ten miles unrepresented on that occasion. Of that assembly who were then adults no more than eight or ten survive and of those survivors all except one or two pertain either by blood or marriage to the Sartwell family. Some came on foot, some on horseback, and others in well filled vehicles we now call lumber wagons. No carriages with steel springs were seen at that assembly. The first carriage with those appendages that I ever saw in Smethport came into town and stayed here a week or more was in the summer of 1832, and was driven (no rail roads then) from New Haven, Conn., by an attorney named Cephas I. Dunham, bound for Brookvile, Pa. He called it a buggy. I am here reminded of another incident of primitive times. I enjoyed my first sleigh-ride in Smethport in a cutter constructed by myself of two ironwood poles fastened together by means of pins and beams, the superstructure being a crockery-crate, donated by my old friend, Hon. Solomon Sartwell, now departed. The young man just alluded to was no other than he who stands before you. It was his wedding day and the lady who stands on my left was the intended bride, who, soon after the guests had assembled, indicated her readiness to accept the duties and obligations of the new relation, by presenting herself, with her bridesmaid, then Miss—now Mrs. Martha Wright, of Port Allegany, the bride being apparelled in white, tastefully decorated for the occasion. The ceremony was pronounced by the now venerable Asa Sartwell, Esq., who has visited our town two or three times of late years. No dancing was permissible on that occasion, as the bride's mother had died three months before.

The bridal tour was deferred until the next morning, when a walk was proposed, and we accordingly set out for an encampment in the woods by the roadside, where what we now call "Bobtown" or "Robertsville" is situated. That encampment was inhabited by Mr John Shongo and his family, consisting of Mr. Shongo, Mrs. Shongo and their daughter, a very pretty Indian girl of about seventeen. A formal introduction was made and we had a very pleasant interview, the host and hostess expressing much gratification at the call and on this occasion it will not be deemed out of place to say that whatever obligations and responsibilities were assumed on that occasion, on the part of the bride have been most strictly observed. She has been my helper during all these years, in prosperity and adversity, in sickness and in health, and whatever of success has accompanied my sojourn, a goodly share may be fairly placed to her credit. Many a winter morning when it was necessary for me to make an early start, has she arisen from a warm bed at 5 o'clock, or earlier, made her own fire, and prepared a cup of coffee and its accompaniments to cheer me on my way to some distant settlement, and many a midnight fire has she kept blazing to warm my reception.

Ten children have been given to us, some of whom survive and three are not. Four little grandchildren have gone to live with the angels. And all along in our ripe years we have been solaced, yea largely comforted, with the respectful deference and continued solicitude for our health and happiness manifested by each and all of them, and we have been very far from indifferent in observing the fraternal affection and anxious regard that each has manifested toward all of the others, casting a mantle of charity over all their infirmities, and ever ready to help in time of need, and we cherish the hope that the same solicitude and carefulness that have characterized their past history, may accompany them to the last; and we most solemnly invoke the guidance and benediction of Him who is the Father of us all, and who has bountifully blessed us and preserved us, to unitedly assemble around the home fireside.

W. T. K.

Look at This.

We will send the MINER together with the *Philadelphia Weekly Press* for one year for $2.50 paid in advance. Either paper is worth double that amount, and you will never have so favorable an opportunity to get the two best weeklies in the state for that money.

Another Oil Wreck.

And still they come. The latest development of monality is the case of the president of the City Bank of Rochester. He speculated in oil and helped himself to nearly a million of the bank's money to keep up his margins. The bank funds gave out, and the end came.

Com. vs. [illegible] true bill. County pay [illegible]

Com. vs. E. N. Howard. [illegible] false tax receipt. True bill.

Com. vs. Wm. P. M. Neil. Forgery. Not a true bill. Pros. pay costs.

Com. vs. W. H. Hotchkiss false pretense. True bill.

Com. vs. Hugh Fox. Larceny. True bill.

Com. vs. Chas. W. Down. Larceny. True bill.

Com. vs. Minnie West. Larceny. True bill.

Com. vs. Warren Young. Assault and battery. True bill.

Com. vs. James Nelson. Burglary. True bill.

Com. vs. William White. Larceny. True bill.

Com. vs. P. Conning. False pretense. True bill.

Com. vs. A. J. Hubbard. False pretense. True bill.

Com. vs. W. P. Van Gorder. Arson. True bill.

Com. vs. S. R. Slocox. False pretense. True bill.

Com. vs. Harold Arnott, Rape. True bill.

Com. vs. M. Jones. Selling liquor without license. True bill.

Com. vs. Samuel Blaseter. Larceny. True bill.

Com. vs. Henry Beard. Embezzlement. True bill.

Com. vs. Timothy Sheahan. Selling liquor without license. True bill.

Child Murder in Olean.

An intense feeling of indignation was developed at Olean Saturday by an unearthing of what seems to be a brutal case of child murder, the particulars of which are very revolting. The victim's name is Lottie Boyd, aged three and one-half years, and the one charged with her murder is her own father, Henry Boyd. The principals in the tragedy are colored and lived in a squall colony of that class in a little grove of pine along the line of the O. B. & W. R. R., and close to the corporation limits. The colored community has long borne a bad name from the fact that it shelters a few characters of bad reputation. Henry Boyd is a man of that stripe and has several times found himself within the clutches of the law for various offences. He occupied a shanty in company with Ellen Boyd, his alleged second wife, a white woman named Lottie Kingslow, and the child Lottie. The neighbors frequently observed that Boyd used very harsh measures toward the girl, and they remonstrated with him, when the burly ruffian answered that he would do with his child as he pleased and no interference would be tolerated. He swore that he would kill Lottie if she refused to obey him.

Last Thursday little Lottie died and the funeral was conducted with such indecent haste that suspicions to the manner of her death became rife. The pressure of popular feeling grew so strong that Coroner Benson gave orders to have the body exhumed and if necessary hold an inquest. The sight of the corpse confirmed suspicions of foul play and rendered legal investigation imperative. A horrible story of fiendish cruelty was told by numerous scars on the little form, the ineffaceable marks of savage blows, kicks and scourgings. One of the jaw bones was broken and there was great emaciation.

At the inquest twenty-one witnesses, many of them Boyd's neighbors, were sworn and the testimony, which covered over a quire of foolscap, was damning to Boyd and his female associates. Mrs. Henderson, a respectable and intelligent colored woman living near Boyd's testified that the dead child was in her family for about a year and during that time was fat and healthy. She could scarcely identify the scarred and mutilated skeleton as the remains of Lottie. It was brought out in evidence that two months ago Boyd attempted to kill her; that he was after seen abusing her, and that he was heard to threaten her life at divers times.

A current story, though not told at the inquest, was to the effect that on the day the girl died Boyd was guilty of his crowning act of brutality. As Lottie was standing in the kitchen that morning he struck her down with his fist and then plunged her in a tub of water covered with an inch of ice. Taking her out he again struck her savagely, again soused her into the icy water and threw her into a corner of the room, at the same time instructing her step-mother not to give her anything to eat that day.

The verdict of the jury was that Lottie Boyd came to her death at the hands of her father, Henry Boyd, Ellen Boyd, her step-mother, and Lottie Kingslow, the white woman. All three are now in the lockup and will probably have a preliminary hearing to-day.—*Era.*

Only Needed One Ear.

A good story is told of Judge Wilson. It seems that at a term of court held some time since in one of the counties of this district he had been annoyed greatly by the repeated applications of jurors to be excused from duty on some pretext or other, and his not proverbial patience had long been exhausted before an old fellow from back in the country came up and made the usual request, following by the declaration that he was deaf in one ear.

"What jury are you on?" asked the judge.

"Hey."

"What jury are you drawn for?"

"The traverse jury, your Honor."

"Then I will excuse you from the traverse and you can go on the grand jury," said his Honor.

"But I am deaf in one ear" the old fellow persisted.

"Well damnit, I know that, and I've excused you from the traverse jury, but you can go on the grand jury, they only want to hear one side there anyhow.

[illegible] Travellers.

The [illegible] the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio road yesterday met with an accident, which for the fortunate escape from death of everybody on board is marvellous. The *Era* this morning says:

"Train 12 on the N. Y., P. & O., going east, met with a bad smashup near Little Valley and about four miles from Salamanca, at 4:30 p. m. yesterday. The train was an hour and forty minutes late and running at good speed, when on rounding a curve the third car from the engine left the track and the others followed it. They ran along the ties until the bridge was reached when the smoker being farther off the rails than the others struck the edge of the truss and was stopped, the engine and forward cars breaking away and crossing the bridge in safety. The remainder of the train crashed into the smoking car and to add to the wreck a portion of the bridge fell upon it. The smoker and the following car were badly smashed and the passengers tumbled in a heap. When extricated the following persons were found to have been injured: A. D. Wood of Buffalo and little daughter, cut about the head; C. O'Day, shoulder dislocated; James McMahon, brakeman, hand crushed; Mrs. Hubbell, of Salamanca, arm broken. Other persons received slight injuries. Fresh cars were furnished at Salamanca and the train proceeded east five hours and forty minutes late. The connecting train on the branch arrived here at 11 p. m. last night. Considering the character of the wreck it was astonishing that it did not result in an extensive loss of life and limb.

DIED.

HAFNER—At her home in Hamlin township, on Friday morning, Dec. 15, 1882, after a very [illegible] illness of but four days, MIRIAM, wife of John Hafner, aged 39 years.

At the autopsy her death was found to have resulted from inflammation of the bowels caused by a common hair pin which had ulcerated through the coat of the bowels. She was an estimable woman and her family and friends will grievously mourn her loss.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Big Level & Bradford R. R. Co. will be held at the Thompson House, Kane, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883 at 7:30 p. m.

By order of the Directors,
Dec. 21, 1882.—1-2t. D. T. HALL, Sec'y.

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Big Level & Kinzua R. R. Co. will be held at the Thompson House, Kane, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883, at 8 p. m.

By order of the Directors,
Dec. 21, 1882.—1-2t. D. T. HALL, Sec'y

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Big Level R. R. Co. will be held at the Thompson House, Kane, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883, at 2:30 p. m.

By order of the Directors,
Dec. 21, 1882.—1-2t. D. T. HALL, Sec'y.

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Roberts Lot Tract Mining Co. will be held at the Thompson House, Kane, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883, at 9 p. m.

By order of the Directors,
Dec. 21, 1882.—1-2t. E. K. KANE, Sec'y.

For Sale.

Steam Saw Mill at Eldred, Pa. In perfect repair and doing a good business. About one and a half miles frontage to Allegany river, with 15 acres of land, 3 dwellings, and stock of hemlock logs if wanted. Terms easy.
Address, COLEMAN & SACHSE, Dunkirk, N. Y.
49-tf

LIVERY
and
Exchange Stables
At The Bennett House Barn.
G. R. & C. H. MOORE, Proprietors.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

—LOOK FOR—

L. W. Mason's

—Special Prices on—

General Hardware,

STOVES AND TINWARE.

Housekeepers' Hardware,

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,

In This Space NEXT WEEK.

P. S. I have the Best Tinner in the County, and No Mistake.

KIDNEY-WORT
THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM
[illegible]
KIDNEY-WORT

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
The THREE above publications	10 00
Any TWO above named	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S MAGAZINE HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	5 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Bazar*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1883.

Harper's Weekly.

Illustrated.

Harper's Weekly stands at the head of American illustrated weekly journals. By its unpartisan position in politics, its admirable illustrations, its carefully chosen serials, short stories, sketches, and poems, contributed by the foremost artists and authors of the day, it carries instruction and entertainment to thousands of American homes.

It will always be the aim of the publishers to make *Harper's Weekly* the most popular and attractive family newspaper in the world.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
The THREE above publications	10 00
Any TWO above named	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S MAGAZINE HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	5 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the *Weekly* begin with the Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Weekly*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1883.

Harper's Magazine.

Illustrated.

Harper's Magazine begins its sixty-sixth volume with the December Number. It is not only the most popular illustrated periodical in America and England, but also the largest in its scheme, the most beautiful in its appearance and the best magazine for the home. A new novel, entitled "For the Major," by CONSTANCE FENIMORE WOOLSON, the author of "Anne," was begun in the November Number. In literary and artistic excellence the *Magazine* improves with each successive number. Special efforts have been made for the lighter entertainment of its readers through humorous stories, sketches, &c.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
The THREE above publications	10 00
Any TWO above named	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S MAGAZINE HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	5 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the *Magazine* begin with the Number for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

The last Eight Volumes of *Harper's Magazine*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $3 00 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, postpaid.

Index to *Harper's Magazine*, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 60, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1880, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4 00.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1883.

Harper's Young People.

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY—16 PAGES.
SUITED TO BOYS AND GIRLS OF FROM SIX TO SIXTEEN YEARS OF AGE.

Vol. IV. Commences November 7, 1882.

The *Young People* has been from the first successful beyond anticipation.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

It has a distinct purpose, to which it steadily adheres—that, namely of supplanting the vicious papers for the young with a paper more attractive, as well as more wholesome.—*Boston Journal.*

For neatness, elegance of engraving, and contents generally, it is unsurpassed by any publication of the kind yet brought to our notice.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

TERMS.

HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, Per Year, Postage Prepaid, $1 50

Single Numbers, Four Cents, each.

Specimen copy sent on receipt of Three Cents.

The Volumes of *Harper's Young People* for 1881 and 1882, handsomely bound in Illuminated Cloth, will be sent by mail, postage prepaid, on receipt of $3 00 each. Cover for *Young People* for 1882, 35 cents; postage, 13 cents additional.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

[illegible] Bankrupt Sale

OF

CLOTHING

At AUCTION and PRIVATE SALE, in the Rockwell Building, opposite the Grand Central Hotel,

Smethport, Penna.

$35,000. $35,000.

Worth of Clothing being assigned to me, which must be closed out within SIXTY DAYS. I have, prior to my departure for the West, brought a portion of the stock here, and invite my friends of Smethport and vicinity to call upon me and make their selections. The sale commenced on

Monday, Dec. 18, '82,

and continuing for

FIFTEEN DAYS.

Come early and secure bargains. This is a bona-fide Sale, and will be closed out

REGARDLESS OF COST.

A. SIMON, Manager.

D. C. YOUNG

Has the LARGEST Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

—In the County—

NEW GOODS,

LOW PRICES,

Complete Assortment of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CLOTHING,

Groceries and Provisions,

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,

NEW STYLE DRESS GOODS,

Ladies' Fine Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs,

Elegant stock Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Large Line of Flannel, and Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings,

A Specialty made of

FINE TEAS.

BEST QUALITY OF CANNED GOODS.

No. 1

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BEST QUALITY OF

FLOUR AND MEAL

At Lowest Prices,

And every thing else usually kept in a country store. Call and examine for yourself. A pleasure to show goods.

MAIN ST. BACKUS BUILDING.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 9, 1882.

A New Cure For Rheumatism.

"[illegible] Dr. Hamilton?" asked a countryman who had dropped in at the office of a prominent New York Surgeon. "That's my name," responded the doctor. "Well I thought as I was in town a day or two I just call around and thank ye." "You're very kind, but I was not aware that you were under any obligations to me." "That's what I came to tell you about. It's this way: I'd been sick for more than three years with rheumatis, all the time a groanin,' but the very minit I see your bill for hovering' around our late President, doc, I got well. You can't spare no time to come out and take a drink can ye?"

Sugar vs. Tobacco.

We propose at all times to keep before the people the tax on sugar, as a counter-irritant to the free-tobacco bill. Each of these articles yields about $47,000,000 of revenue. The one is an indispensable article of food, the other an article of luxury, deemed hurtful by many, and not necessary to any human being, even as a medicine. When any wiseacre talks about the need of reducing the revenues and depleting the Treasury, so that Congress shall not be tempted to make wasteful appropriations, let him be pointed to the tax on sugar as a place where revenue can be dispensed with and a great boon conferred upon the people. Between tobacco and sugar, in their revenue aspects, the difference is almost as great as between vice and virtue.

Herbert Spencer on America.

The latest English guest whom we have entertained in the Anglo-Saxon way—that is, at dinner—is Herbert Spencer. It was a very notable company that greeted him, and the speaking was capital. Mr. Spencer's own address was an interesting paper, in which he preached "the gospel of relaxation." In an interview published some time before he had made some incisive criticisms upon American life and character, and in his dinner address he said that he was going to find fault. That was frank, and there has been no traveller among us whose observations were likely to be more valuable.

"They all talk to us like uncles or pedagogues," exclaimed Americus, impatiently. "What business have they to lecture us in this style? We are quite old enough to take care of ourselves, and quite able to run this continent without any instruction from Englishmen. Suppose some American guest from England should say to his hosts that he wanted to give them some good advice, and point out to them a few of their defects, and then proceed to pat them on the head, with patronizing praise, don't you think there would be a storm? If strangers like us, very well; if they dont like us, very well. It is a matter of supreme indifference to us."

Why, then, do we ask them how they like us? And why should the people of one country scornfully decline to hear the comments of sensible people of other countries? Every man is, or ought to be, glad to receive intelligent counsel, and to see his life from other points of view than his own. Why should not the citizen be equally sensible? We did not ask De Tocqueville to come and see us and analyze our political institutions and their operations. We did not ask Von Holst to write our constitutional history. But De Tocqueville and Von Holst have laid us and all other lovers of popular constitutional liberty under obligations. Both of them have written better books of their kind about us than any American has written. It is absurd to snarl that we don't care what they say, and that they had better stay at home and not lecture us. When Dickens stung us with the satire of *Martin Chuzzlewit* he was not only accused of ingratitude—as if a man were bound to find no fault with any abuse, and not to criticise any tendency, in a country where he had been kindly welcomed—but he was told to look at home, and assured that if he wanted to depict outrageous evils and rediculous people, he had only to portray his beloved England. That was said with a fine air of indignation. But what else was Dickens doing all his life? What are his books, in this point of view, but a prolonged arrangement of the abuses and of the absurd social types of his native England? But when Henry James Jun., draws a good-natured and shrewd sketch of the American girl abroad in Daisy Miller, although it is plainly intended to show to conventional Europe that the American girl is misjudged, we petulantly wonder why he could not choose another type to illustrate.

The observations of intelligent foreign critics are no more hostile than the American criticisms which they confirm. When, for instance, after a most intelligent recognition of the material advantages of this country, Mr. Spencer says that if there had been another and higher progress commensurate with the material advance, there would be nothing which very many Americans have not felt and said, and he adds an improvement from history which had occurred to many Americans, and had been strongly stated by them, that while the republics of the Middle Ages surrounded themselves with material splendor, their liberty decayed. And what is this but a contemporary statement of the old truth which Goldsmith put into memorable verse a hundred years ago!—

> "Ill fares the land, to hastening ills a prey,
> Where wealth accumulates and men decay."

Mr. Spencer's further remarks that under the forms of freedom we may lose its substance, and that in some ways, which he points out, we are losing it, is the burden of the warning of many an intelligent American, which does not need the old illustration of Cæsar's introduction of the empire under republican forms, nor the warning of Burke, that "ambition, though it has ever the same general views, has not at all times the same means nor the same particular objects." So when Mr. Spencer says that paper constitutions will not work as they are intended to work, and that the real basis and bulwark of national greatness and of progressive liberty is character and not education, he says what every thoughtful American perceives and believes. He does not say, indeed, what many Americans know, and what explains the emphasis with which we insist upon education, that the perception of the desirability of general education is in itself an evidence of character. Education alone may not save a people from political trouble, but constitutional liberty will not be maintained by an ignorant people.—Editor's Easy Chair, in Harper's Magazine for January.

[illegible]

[illegible] who was discharged from Sing Sing [illegible] having been pardoned by Governor Cornell. He was sentenced March 6th, 1877, to ten years imprisonment by Judge Sutherland for an assault with intent to kill William E. Tobins in this city. He spent the first part of his sentence in Auburn Prison, but about two years ago he was brought back to Sing Sing. By his unformly good conduct his term was reduced by commutation to six years and a half. His discharge says: "Nine months additional commutation is granted as a reward for faithful and meritorious services in aiding the promotion of prison discipline," and that is the ground on which the pardon was granted. Warden Brush says: "He was a perfect convict, a faithful worker, and we hate to loose him."

Gov. Clevelands Spoils.

The present Governor has in his immediate official family a private secretary at $4,000, a year; a pardon clerk at $2,000 a year; two executive clerks at $1,500 each; a messenger at $1,200, and a stenographer at $1,500. It is presumed the new Governor will have about the same number of assistants. These are considered personal appointments, and do not go to the Senate for confirmation. Of the staff appoinments, which were announced yesterday, the Adjutant-General, Farnsworth of Albany, receives $3,000 a year; the Inspector-General, Briggs of Brooklyn, $6 a day when on duty; the Commissionary-General of Ordnance, Wylie of New-York, 2,500 a year; the General Inspector of Rifle Practice, Robbins of New York, $1,500 a year. The law provides for an Assistant Commissary General, at $2,500 a year, but the place would be a sinecure, and Gov. Cleveland has left it vacant, as did Gov. Cornell. All of the Staff officers not mentioned above serve without pay. All but the Aides rank as Brigadier-General; the Aides are Colonels. The present Adjutant General has the appointment of an Assistant Adjutant-General at 2,500 a year; two Acting Assistant Adjutant-Generals at $1,800 each; a chief clerk at $1,800; three clerks at $1,500 each; a messenger at $1,000; and a keeper of military statistics at $600. The Inspector-General has a clerk $1,200 and a messenger at $700. Mr. Daniel S. Lamont of the *Albany Argus*, a capable and popular man, is to be Gov. Cleveland's Military Secretary, at $1,200 a year. Of the Staff appointments announced by Gov. Cleveland, Gen. G. Barret Rich of this city is a republican. The others are democrats. Though Gen. Wylo served under Gov. Cornell, he was originally appointed by Gov. Robinson.—Buffalo Express.

"Ladies' Tonic."

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY is prepared by the WOMEN'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE OF BUFFALO, N. Y., and is their favorite prescription for ladies who are suffering from any weakness or complaints common to the sex. It is sold by druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Ladies can obtain advice FREE. Send stamp for names of those who have been CURED.

Photographing the Baby.

Most young married couples have a "first baby," except in rare cases, when they have twins. Then they have two first babies. The first baby is always a remarkable child. Such physical beauty, such intellectual quickness and genius, and such moral perfection were never before united in one being. Other babies may be all very well in their way, but this first baby is something peculiarly marvellous. All the aunts rave over it, and even its uncles are moved to say, "Keecher-keecher-keecher," and chuck it under the chin with a fore-finger, by the way of ingratiating themselves with the infant.

Of course the fond parents think that the infant must be photographed. The world at a distance should not be denied the opportunity of gazing upon its lineaments; a record should be kept of its loveliness. So some fine sunshiny day they go to a photographer. Then the first baby immediately begins to quarrel and fret and look less beautiful than usual, although he is all dressed up in his best clothes. He wants things that he sees in the photographer's show case, and not obtaining them begins loudly to protest. He refuses to yield to pacificatory blandishments, and keecher-keecher-keecher fails to soothe. At last his turn comes. The mother wants him in a certain position. The photographer doesn't approve of that position, and the baby won't have it. Finally a compromise is effected. The photographer jingels a bell, clucks like a hen and raps with a stick all at once, hoping thereby to attract the attention of the first baby; but when the picture comes out there are found three or four impressions overlying each other like the scales of a fish. A second sitting is taken, and the photographer steeps his soul in perjury by telling the infant that if he would hold still a white mouse will run out of the camera. The result of this is a picture, slightly shaky, with the mouth open. A third picture is attempted when at the critical moment, the baby sets up a prolonged howl. Thus are the rosy hours beguiled.

At last a good picture is obtained and numerous copies are ordered. They are sent to the remotest friends and relatives. This would cause great excitement in distant lands if it were not for one thing. It is that wherever the likeness goes it finds some other young couple with a first baby, who are equally of opinion that their baby is the finest in the world; indeed, disparaging contrasts are almost surely drawn between this photograph and the other first baby, to the disadvantage of the photograph. Yet young couples will doubtless go on photographing first babies.—Baltimore Every Saturday.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from active practice having had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for General Debility and all nervous complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it is his duty to make it known to his fellows. The recipe, with full particulars, directions for preparation and use, and all necessary advice and instructions for successful treatment at your own home, will be received by you by return mail, free of charge, by addressing with stamp or stamped and self-addressed envelope to

DR. J. C. RAYMOND,
174 Washington Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SUFFER

no longer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, want of Appetite, loss of Strength, lack of Energy, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, &c. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS never fails to cure all those diseases.

[illegible], November [illegible], 1881.
Brown Chemical Co.
Gentlemen:—For years I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and could get no relief (having tried everything which was recommended) until, acting on the advice of a friend, who had been benefitted by Brown's Iron Bitters, I tried a bottle, with most surprising results. Previous to taking Brown's Iron Bitters, everything I ate distressed me, and I suffered greatly from a burning sensation in the stomach, which was unbearable. Since taking Brown's Iron Bitters, all my troubles are at an end. Can eat any time without any disagreeable results. I am practically another person. Mrs. W. J. Flynn, 39 Maverick St., E. Boston.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache.

Sold by all Druggists.

Brown Chemical Co.
Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, and have crossed red lines and trade-mark on wrapper.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

LEGAL.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday, Sept. 29, 1882, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the Court House, in the borough of Smethport, on Tuesday, the 26th day of Dec. 1882, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, December 2, 1882, and the 107th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

List of Petit Jurors

Drawn in the Court of Quarter Sessions of McKean county, to be summoned for Tuesday, Dec. 26, 1882, at 2.30 a. m.

Ayers, D. A.	Kendall
Bunker, W. H.	Prentissvale
Buck, Eugene,	Kendall
Beckwith, S. P.	Keating
Bell, I. I.	Kendall
Bush, Andrew,	Keating
Campbell, Martin,	Otto
Craik, A.	Bradford city
Carl, Zack,	Keating
Coleman, O. D.	Wetmore
Collett, W. L.	Bradford
Digel, John,	Smethport
Diffenbacker, A.	Hamilton
Duffield, H.	Kendall
Deloller, David,	Bradford
Doane, E. W.	Eldred
Gifford, D. L.	Keating
Greenwald, Daniel	Bradford city
Haley, John,	Keating
Herzog, John,	Keating
Hafner, Philip,	Hamlin
Holmes, E.	Bradford city
Knapp, Frank,	Eldred
Kimball, J. B.	Norwich
Mitchell, I. B.	Kendall
Phalen, Wm.	Ceres
Rockwell, Philip,	Eldred
Ribbley, Chas.	Bradford city
Sweeney, John,	Bradford city
Smith, O. B.	Corydon
Toal, Wm.	Ceres
Taylor, W. R.	Smethport
Worden, Milo,	Ceres
Wood, E. V.	Ceres
Webb, A. N.	Foster
Wilson, H. C.	Smethport

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
O. P. COON, } Jury Com'rs.
N. C. GALLUP, }

Attest:
J. M. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 7, 1882.

Argument List

For December Term, 1882.

1 Robert Haley, A[illegible] vs Ira Wardo, N 184, February term, 1882; E. D. No 74 February term, 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense; execution stay [illegible] to remain.

2 C. M. Sirme vs E. H. Watkins, No 81, February Term, 1878; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense; proceedings to stay in meantime.

3 Henry Hog[illegible] vs Byron Hedger, No. 294 September term 1878. Rule to show cause why a new trial should not be granted.

4 In the matter of road in Hamilton township from Wild Cat Run to Kinzua Hill. Exceptions to report of viewers.

5 Wm H [illegible] vs [illegible] A [illegible] et al, No 126 June term 1877; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense.

6 H Smith & Co vs J A Hooper; No 226 September term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened—writ stayed, lien and levy to remain.

7 H Smith & Co vs J A Hooper, No 226 September term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and writ stayed lien and levy to remain.

8 Margaret Sheeds vs W B Watson and C R Patton, No 721 Sept [illegible] term 1881; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense, proceedings to stay in meantime.

9 N B Dick et al vs David D [illegible] et al, No 5 May term 1881; In equity; Rule to show cause why the bill in this case should not be dismissed.

10 B B Dick et al vs Dan'l Corrigan et al, No 3 May term 1881, in equity; rule to show cause why bill in this case should not be dismissed.

11 B B Dick et al vs Dan'l Corrigan et al, No 4 May term 1881, in equity; rule to show cause why Plea should not be stricken off, &c.

12 J T Johnson vs Marcus Hulings, No [illegible] June term 1879, rule to show cause why a new trial should not be granted.

13 Henry B Lyle and John B Kane vs L B Beaumont et al, No 6 December term 1881; in equity; Exceptions to Masters finding.

14 M K Townsend vs A F Heald, No 382 Sept. term, E. D. No 121 Sept. term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense.

15 Use J F Webster vs Geo W Potter, No [illegible] September term 1882, E D No 486 Sept. term 1882, rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened.

16 W P Logan et al vs A D Cornell, No 913 September term 1881, E D No 647 Sept. term 1882; Rule on A I Wilcox Sheriff to bring the money made on the above writ into court for distribution as far as it is necessary to cover claim of W B Roberts et al.

17 Use Miners Bank Pottsville vs Ralston Bros and A Desoelle, No 369 September term 1882; rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened as to amount of $[illegible] and defendants let into a defense as to same.

18 P H Lukins vs Watson & Raydure, No [illegible] June term 1879, E D No 456 Sept. term 1882; rule to show cause why judgment should not be stricken off.

19 E Strong & Co vs J R Wilson, No 718 September term 1882; rule to show cause why judgment should not be granted for want of sufficient affidavit of defense.

20 Appeal from tax levied by Supervisors of Keating township, No 26 September sessions 1882.

21 M A Caldwell vs Western Union Telegraph Co. No 216 September term 1882; Rule to show cause why the service of summons in this case should not be set aside.

22 Wm Ams[illegible] vs E Jilkins, No 188 September term 1882, E D No 481 Sept. term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened, &c.

23 Frank Morris vs C B Whitehead, No 77 December term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be granted for want of sufficient affidavit of defense.

24 J M Armstrong et al vs J M Tait, No 328 September term 1882, E D No 432 Sept. term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense.

25 Amo[illegible] & Co vs Whitehead & Raydure, No 76 December term 1882; Rule to show cause why [illegible] W. L. [illegible] Borough [illegible] Eckburg & Co [illegible] bark [illegible] Eldred [illegible] Exceptions to Master's report.

29 Use of C H [illegible] vs B C Brown, No [illegible] May term 1882, E D No 93 Sept inter term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense.

30 C W Pratt vs M J & J L Cain, No 430 February term 1882, E D No [illegible] September term 1882; Exceptions to inquisition.

31 First National Bank of Allegheny vs W F Logan, No 128 May term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be entered for want of sufficient affidavit of defense.

32 N F Sherman use of Exchange Bank vs Wm Chambers, No 141 December term 1881, E D No [illegible] December term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense.

33 F K Rodas et al vs M S & C K Tucker, No 3 September term 1878, in equity; Hearing to be had on bill and answer.

34 Commonwealth vs John A Batterlie d. No 148 September sessions 1882; Motion for new trial—if not heard at December term next, rule to be discharged.

35 W A Young vs S J Rockwell, No 48 February term 1882; Rule to show cause why a new trial should not be granted.

37 S D Freeman vs Geo McLeod and John McLeod, No 246 February term 1882; Rule to show cause why alias writ of estrepement should not issue.

38 B O Leary vs S S Wo [illegible] and T J Campbell, No [illegible] December term 1881; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant allowed to defend.

39 John Y Blount vs Wm Trainer contractor and Gardner & Cheny Owners, No 288 February term 1882; Rule to show cause why Mechanic's Lien should not be stricken off.

40 James Slavon vs F R Blackmar and —— Jackson owners, and John Odell contractor, No [illegible] May term 1882; Rule to show cause why Mechanic's Lien should not be stricken off.

41 George Ka[illegible] vs F R Blackmar and —— Jackson owner etc, and John Odell contractor, No 387 May term 1882; Rule to show cause why Mechanic's Lien should not be stricken off.

42 E R Crawford use of Benjamin Allen vs John Clark and A S McIntyre, No 301 May term 1882; Rule to show cause why order of March 28 1882 staying writ of Fi Fa, E D No 127 May term 1882 until attachment at No 16 May term 1882 is disposed of should not be vacated.

43 C B Whitehead use of Myra Whitehead vs John Mack No 81 September term 1881, E D No 96 December term 1882; Proceedings stayed until next term with leave to defendant to file supplemental Affidavit.

44 A F Kerr & Co vs E W Green, No 288 September term 1882, E D No 306 September term 1882; Rule to show cause why said sale should not be set aside and sale and deed declared null and void.

45 C H McKevett and W H K[illegible] vs Charles E Judd and Elmer Gamble, No 684 September term 1882, E D No 572 September term 1882; Rule to show cause why C E Judd should not be subrogated to rights of the plaintiff for the sum of $[illegible].

46 T D Casey & Co vs James Casey, No 771 September term 1882, E D No 800 Sept. term 1882, Rule to show cause why feigned issue should not be awarded to try the question of the validity of the above entitled judgment.

47 T D Casey vs James Casey, No 771 Sept. term 1882, Rule to show cause why feigned issue should not be awarded to try the question of the validity of the above entitled judgment.

48 John Blosmer vs E M Heenan, No 311 September term 1882, E D No 481 Sept. term 1882, Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened as $15 and interest and to open the judgment No 917 September term 1882.

49 A C Scott vs J D Clark M McSweeney and D W Fullerton, No 844 September term 1882, E D No 681 Sept. term 1882, Rule to show cause why judgment should not be stricken off or opened.

50 N Mead vs W W Roberts, No 18 December term 1882; Rule to show cause why proceedings should not be stayed until the Attachment is disposed of.

51 Ann Shannon vs John H Shaver bail of Thomas McGoldrick and wife for stay of execution, No 28 December term 1881; Rule to show cause why appeal should not be stricken off.

52 H D Davis vs C H DuBois, No 168 December term 1882, Rule to show cause why appeal should not be stricken off.

53 Ann Shannon vs John Fernall, No 115 December term 1882; Rule to show cause why appeal should not be stricken off.

54 Chas A Dailey vs John W Jameson and H C Haselmaier, No 348 December term 1882, E D No 91 December term 1882; Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense and why judgment should not be stricken off.

55 Warren Dow vs H B Proctor and John Gelm succeeded as to Gelm by Chas Chamberlain as H B Proctor & Co. No 361 December term 1882, E D No 103 December term 1882, Rule to show cause why judgment should as to Gelm should not be opened and Gelm let into a defense.

56 A C Scott vs H McSweeney, J D Clark & D W Fullerton, No 841 December term 1881, E D No 130 December term 1882, Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendant let into a defense.

57 In the matter of the lunacy of Joseph Bell No 136 December term 1882; Rule to show cause on Overseers of the Poor of Liberty township why Joseph Bell should not be declared an insane pauper in his last legal settlement in said township of Liberty.

58 Frank A Newell vs James Casey, No 288 December term 1882; Rule to show cause why feigned issue should not be ordered.

59 H J Barrett and C N Barrett, partners as Barrett Bros vs H K and Adelia Burdick, No 1 December term 1882, Mechanic's lien; Rule to show cause why mechanic's lien filed in this case should not be stricken off as to Adelia Burdick.

60 In the matter of the estate of J B Mandeville, deceased, in the Registry Court; Rule to show cause why a Citation should not issue against Helen A Mandeville Executrix commanding her to file her account.

61 C D Ross vs United Pipe Lines and Henry Clark, No 5 December term 1882. In Equity. Rule to show cause why Plaintiff's Bill should not be dismissed for want of jurisdiction, etc.

JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 5, 1882.

Charter Notice.

Application will be made to his Excellency, the Governor of Pennsylvania, for the incorporation of "The Eldred Gas Company," under the provisions of the Act of April 29th 1874, and its supplements. The object and business of said corporation being to supply the borough of Eldred and manufacturing and mining works in that vicinity with gas for illuminating, heating and other purposes.

R. R. MAYO, Solicitor.
Eldred, Pa., Dec. 4, 1882.—41-43.

To Whom It May Concern.

Be it known, that the undersigned, doing business as Preston & Horton, engaged in the lumber business at Morrison, McKean county, Pa., has been dissolved by mutual consent, C. A. Horton retiring. C. H. Preston, the remaining partner, is hereby authorized to collect all bills and receipt for the same and to settle any and all business connected with the same.

C. A. HORTON,
C. H. PRESTON.

Dec. 4, 1882.—41-43.

MILLINERY GOODS.
LATEST
Fall and Winter
STYLES.
Fine Ruchings, Veilings, Knitting Silks, Worsteds & Notions.
All orders personally or by mail will receive prompt and careful attention.
Prices warranted to please.
Miss E. CARSON,
In Kittredge Block Smethport, Pa.

LIVERY
AND
Exchange Stables
F. O. WRIGHT, Proprietor.
Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with
Good Horses and Stylish Rigs
drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

JAMES T. DONAHUE,
PLUMBER,
No. 3, Kennedy St., Bradford.
Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam, Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boilers, Cast Sinks, Pumps, Etc.

E. B. FREEMAN,
General
Insurance Agent,
Office over Richmond's Drug Store.
FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT POLICIES.

JOSEPH & DORNBERG,
NO. 30 MAIN STREET,
ELDRED. PA.
Have Just Opened the Largest and Most omplete Stock of
Boys' and Childrens'
CLOTHING
To be found anywhere. Their stock of
GENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS,
IS IMMENSE.
Those preferring garments made to order can be accommodated, as a large stock of Foreign and Domestic piece goods is always on hand, and good fits guaranteed.
Joseph & Dornberg,
ELDRED, PA.

MILK! MILK! MILK!
The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 5, he will establish a
NEW MILK ROUTE!
Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.
At 6 Cents a Quart
until Spring, when the price will be reduced.
The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.
Wm. Ramer.
Smethport, Pa., Jan' 8, 1[illegible]

BROWNELL BROS
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.
AGENT FOR THE
White Sewing Machines
OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."
Smethport, - Pa.
February 8, 1882. 9-1y

F. M. BALL,
MANUFACTURER OF
WAGONS, CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS, ETC.
Blacksmithing, Repairing, and Horseshoeing Done.
ALL KINDS OF PAINTING NEATLY EXECUTED.
WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

CALL ON
C. L. DOUGLASS
For Your
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots & Shoes, Etc.
He keeps on hand the best goods the markets afford. Also Proprietor of
SMETHPORT GRIST MILL
Feed and Meal
of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.
Mechanic St., SMETHPORT, PA.

Smethport
SASH FACTORY.
Near the McKean & Buffalo Depot.
Sash, Doors and Blinds,
Matching, Mouldings,
Brackets, Planing, Turning, Etc.,
On Hand and Furnished at Short Notice.
J. G. Strong, Prop'r.

New Carriage Shop
IN SMETHPORT.
CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.
SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.
W. H. Wetenhall.
Smethport March 16, 1881.—11.

AGENTS Wanted [illegible] —Books & Bibles [illegible]

[illegible] Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, and all affections of the Lungs it has no equal.

Dr. Rush's Specific for Consumption is recommended by all the leading physicians who are acquainted with its use.
Price, Large Size, - - $1.00
" Small " - - - 50
Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Dr. Willoughby, the attending physician at the Sister's Hospital and one of Buffalo's most prominent members of the profession, has used it in practice, and says:
BUFFALO, Aug. 17, 1881.
Dr. Rush's Medical Association:
DEAR DOCTORS—I unhesitatingly add my name to the long list of regular practitioners who have recommended your "Specific for Consumption." I have used it for all pulmonary affections, and have always been more than satisfied with the result. I consider it the best compound known for all lung diseases.
Yours, M. WILLOUGHBY, M. D.

Dr. Howard, Professor of Anatomy, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Buffalo, N. Y., says:
Dr. Rush's Medical Association:
DEAR DOCTORS—I have used your Specific for Consumption in my practice for years with the best results. I consider it a sure cure for consumption, if taken according to directions.
Yours truly, C. F. HOWARD, M. D.

DR. RUSH'S
"REGULATOR"
—FOR—
Heart Troubles.
A SURE CURE FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE HEART.
Dr. Rush's "Regulator" has never failed to give relief. It has been used successfully for years, in subduing the most stubborn cases of heart difficulties.
Large Size - - $1.00
Small " - - - 50
Sold by Druggists everywhere.

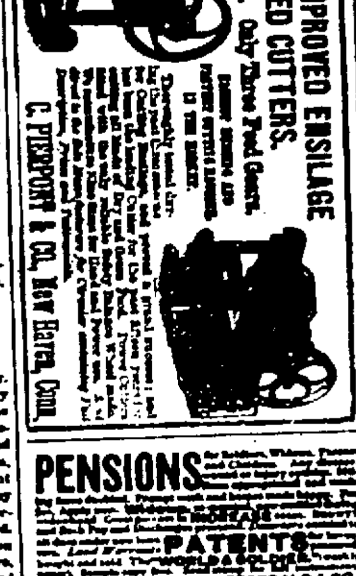
Wm. G. Osgoodby, the well-known safe manufacturer of Buffalo, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Newark, and Atlanta, Ga., says:
OFFICE OF OSGOODBY'S IMPROVED SAFES
17 S. Broad Street,
ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 17th, 1881.
Dr. Rush's Medical Association:
DEAR DOCTORS—The three bottles of "Dr. Rush's Regulator" I ordered were received by express last week. I have taken nearly one bottle and am thoroughly satisfied with the result. For over two years I have been troubled with sharp pains at my heart. My physician, upon examination, pronounced it enlargement of the heart, and was unable to give me any relief. The trouble grew worse, until I had become convinced that I could not be cured. While in New York City, last week I called on one of the most prominent physicians there, who charged me $2 for an examination and then recommended your "Regulator." Knowing you to be a regular Medical Association, and not a patent medicine scheme, I ordered the three bottles. I have not been troubled since I commenced taking it, but shall continue and take the entire three bottles so as to obtain a permanent cure. I am, gentlemen, very respectfully,
WM. G. OSGOODBY.

Dr. Rush's
Blood Root Oil
Gives immediate relief in all cases of
Rheumatism
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings, and Sprains, Burns, and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

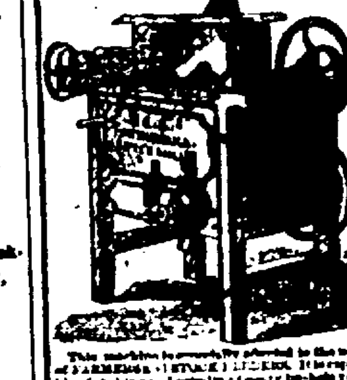
Dr. Rush's Blood Root Oil has no equal in the world as a liniment or oil. It is a cheap, safe, simple and sure external remedy for man or beast. It is put up in two sizes. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere.
CURED OF RHEUMATISM IN TWO HOURS.
BUFFALO, N. Y., May 2, 1882.
Dr. Rush's Medical Association:
GENTLEMEN—I have been troubled with rheumatism for two years. I tried all the best advertised oils and liniments, and many first-class physicians without relief. Two days ago I visited and consulted Dr. Rush's "Blood Root Oil." I purchased a large bottle for fifty cents, and applied it. In two hours I was relieved, and now am entirely well. Its effects are wonderful, and I believe it the only thing in the world which will cure rheumatism.
Truly Yours,
JOHN [illegible],
[illegible] St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Dr. Rush's
CATHARTIC and anti-Billious PILLS
Prevent and Cure Constipation and Piles. A sure remedy for Billiousness, Torpidity of the Liver, Jaundice and all Liver Complaints. It gives immediate relief in Sick and Nervous Headache. They cleanse the stomach and thus remove all bad tastes from the mouth and make the breath pure and sweet. Remove all impurities and Sallowness from the complexion. Pleasant to take and agreeable in their action. Entirely unlike other Pills. Price 25 cents.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
The above preparations are prepared by Dr. Rush's Medical Association, in which Dr. Rush is associated with the most prominent specialists of both Europe and America. Special treatment can be obtained for any disease. These medicines are the regular prescriptions for the diseases mentioned, and NEVER FAIL to give relief. They can be obtained in Philadelphia, Pa., of Johnson, Holloway & Co., or A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa., and any druggist will gladly obtain them for you upon application, or they can be obtained of us direct. Address,
DR. RUSH'S MEDICAL ASSOCIATION,
Buffalo, N. Y., U. S. A.

[illegible]
MEDICAL INSTITUTE
BUFFALO, N.Y.
THE ONLY ASSOCIATION OF PROMINENT
Lady Physicians
IN THE WORLD.
This institution was formed for the sole purpose of treating the diseases of women. It is composed only of physicians who have obtained a leading rank in the profession by their acknowledged ability and success, and who have made the health and diseases of women a study for years. Ladies can be successfully treated at home, without any other expense than the cost of the medicine. Advice by mail free. Send stamp for circulars and testimonials from ladies who have been permanently cured.
"LADIES' TONIC"
is the Favorite Prescription of the Women's Medical Institute
for Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhoea or Whites; Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb; Irregularities, Flooding, Amenorrhoea or lack of monthly visitation, Weakness in the Back and Stomach, Palpitation, Nervous Prostration, Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, Barrenness, and as a tonic during Pregnancy, at regular periods through change of life, and for the general debility of women.
It positively gives quick and permanent relief.
One Pint Bottle is Sufficient.
Sold by Druggists. Price, $1.00.


BALDWIN'S IMPROVED ENSILAGE AND FEED CUTTERS.
Simplest and Best. Only Three Feed Gears.
C. PIERPONT & CO., New Haven, Conn.

PENSIONS for Soldiers, Widows, Parents and Children. [illegible]
PATENTS [illegible] THE WORLD & SOLDIER [illegible]
[illegible] N. W. FITZGERALD & CO.
Pension, Patent & Land Att'ys. Washington, D. C.



This machine is especially adapted to the use of FARMERS & STOCK FEEDERS. It is capable of shelling and grinding twenty bu-hels per hour, with four to six horse-power, and can be run by water, steam or horse-power. The grinding plates [illegible] crystalized iron, and cost $1.00 a pair. Sold in all sizes going [illegible]
ST. JOSEPH M'FG CO.,
MISHAWAKA, IND.

Specht & Sasse,
PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,
Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

A GOOD CHANCE.
I offer for sale my SAW MILL, GRIST MILL and SHINGLE MILL, located at
FRISBEE STATION,
on the Clermont branch of the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia railroad. I will also sell with the above, one good
BOARDING HOUSE,
Four Tenement houses and Forty acres of land. This is one of the best mill sites in the county, the mills are run by a never failing water power, and are located in a good farming country. There is plenty of timber near the mill, and a good run of custom sawing. For terms, etc., apply on the premises to
THOS. FRISBEE,
Coryville, Pa.

BARBER SHOP
ALFRED STURDVEINT
Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do
SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING
In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.
☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

[illegible]
[illegible] ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good.
Use in time. Sold by druggists.

TRAVEL.

[illegible] & KINZUA RAIL[illegible]
[illegible] effect Wednesday,

	7	11	13
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Smethport ... Ar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	6	14	16
	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.
Smethport ... Dep	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rock Cut	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ormsby's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Simpson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Van Vleck	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Allens	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kinzua Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Taylor	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Forest	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hazelwood	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chapin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tarport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie Crossing	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bradford ... Ar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Trains will be run by New York time.
During Court week the [illegible] p. m. train will be held at Smethport until [illegible]
All Passenger Trains make direct connections at Kinzua Junction with trains to and from New City and Kendall.
SUNDAY TRAIN leave Bradford at [illegible] p. m. and arrives at Smethport at [illegible]. Leave Smethport at [illegible] a. m. and arrives at Bradford at [illegible].

B. C. WILLIAMS, Supt.

Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia Ry.

Trains Run on Buffalo Time.
NO SUNDAY TRAINS.

Northward.	Stations.	Southward.
[illegible]	Buffalo	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ebenezer	[illegible]
[illegible]	Spring Brook	[illegible]
[illegible]	Elma	[illegible]
[illegible]	Jamison	[illegible]
[illegible]	East Aurora	[illegible]
[illegible]	Wales	[illegible]
[illegible]	Holland	[illegible]
[illegible]	Protection	[illegible]
[illegible]	A. & G. R. R. Jun.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Arcade	[illegible]
[illegible]	Yorkshire	[illegible]
[illegible]	Machias Junc.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Franklinville	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ischua	[illegible]
[illegible]	Hinsdale	[illegible]
[illegible]	Erie Ry June.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Olean	[illegible]
[illegible]	Weston	[illegible]
[illegible]	Portville	[illegible]
[illegible]	Eldred	[illegible]
[illegible]	Larabees	[illegible]
[illegible]	Sartwell	[illegible]
[illegible]	Turtle Point	[illegible]
[illegible]	Port Allegany	[illegible]
[illegible]	Liberty	[illegible]
[illegible]	Keating	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Emporium	[illegible]

B. N. Y & P. R. R.—CLERMONT BRANCH.

L'v Northw'd		STATIONS.	L'v Southw'd	
P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Larabees	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Frisbee	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Farmers Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Smethport	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Crosby	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Colegrove	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Wernwag	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Clermont	[illegible]	[illegible]

NARROW GAUGE DIVISION.

OLEAN, BRADFORD & WARREN R. R.

Leave Bradford for Olean at 7:35 and 11 a. m. and 1:30 and 4:50 p. m. Arrive from Olean at 9:47 a. m., and 1:00, 4:15 and 8:20 p. m.

SUNDAY trains leave Bradford for Olean at 9:15 a. m. and 2:15 p. m. Arrive from Olean at 12:30 and 5:50 p. m.

On Bradford extension to Warren, trains leave Bradford for Warren at [illegible] a. m. and 1:30 p. m. Arrive from Warren at [illegible] a. m., 4:50 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday trains leave Bradford at [illegible] a. m. and [illegible] p. m. Arrive from Warren at [illegible] and [illegible] p. m.

KENDALL & ELDRED R. R.

Leave Bradford for Eldred at 7:30 a. m. and 1:45 and 4:35 p. m. Arrive from Eldred at 9:20 a. m., 1:15, and 7:20 p. m. Sunday trains leave Bradford for Eldred at [illegible] p. m. Arrive from Eldred at 11:00 a. m.

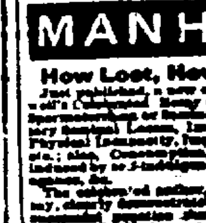
WM. S. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Supt.
J. W. WATSON, Supt. Narrow Gauge Division.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Friday, September [illegible], 1882.

Ar. EASTW'D.		STATIONS.	L'v WESTW'D	
P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
7.30	1.45	Coudersport	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.24	1.38	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.15	1.30	Olmsted	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.00	1.14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.44	1.00	Roulette	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.30	12.50	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.20	12.40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Silver Spring	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Port Allegany	[illegible]	[illegible]

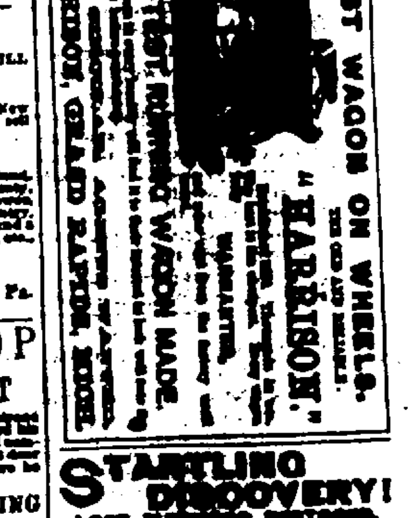
Trains run on New York time.
B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

MISCELLANEOUS.



[illegible]

MANHOOD
How Lost, How Restored!
Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure of Spermatorrhoea or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.
The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.
Sent under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents or two stamps. Address,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., N. Y.; Post Office Box [illegible]. 9-1y.


THE BEST WAGON ON WHEELS.
"HARRISON."
THE LIGHTEST RUNNING WAGON MADE.
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y. 9-1y

[illegible]
CAN MAKE [illegible]